Behavioral Strategies to Support Students with ASD During Remote and Hybrid Learning

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#### **ASHA** Disclosure

Disclosure:

Ebony Holliday

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## Objectives

- Identify common challenges that may impact the educational progress of students with ASD during remote and hybrid learning
- Increase knowledge of evidenced-based practices to improve behavioral functioning of students with ASD
- Understand the role of educator and caregiver collaboration in support students with ASD during remote and hybrid learning



## **General Challenges and Stressors**

- Time + balancing responsibilities
- Resources
- Rapid change is difficult
- Understanding technology
- Efficiently using technology
- Loss of peer/social relationships
- Loss or decrease of regular supports
- Job, housing, financial insecurity
- Students with disabilities may be at-risk for a greater negative impact on their education due to the pandemic.

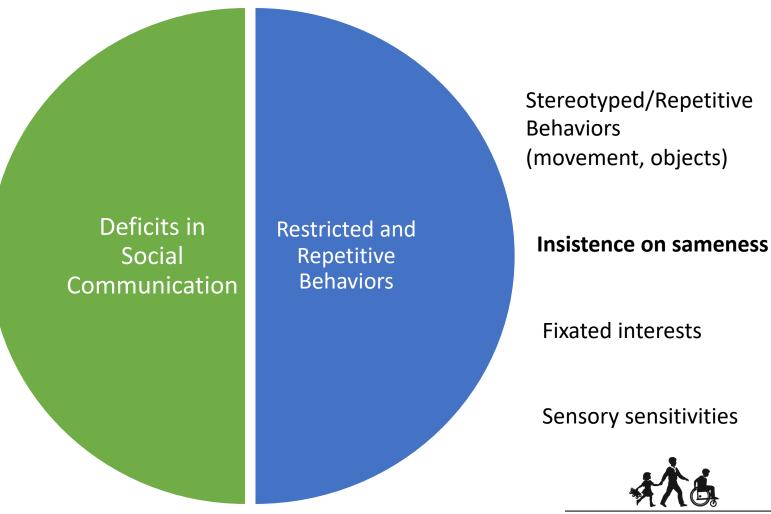


#### Autism Spectrum Disorder

Social-emotional reciprocity

Nonverbal communication behaviors

Developing, understanding, and maintaining social relationships



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#### ASD and Related Difficulties and Impairments

- Abnormalities mood or affect
- Delays in cognitive skills
- Adaptive and functional skills
- Hyperactivity, short attention span, impulsivity
- Oppositional, disruptions, tantrums



#### **Educational Impact for Students with Autism**

- "CARING through COVID" (Jeste et al., 2020)
  - 74% = loss of at least one educational service or therapy
  - 30% = loss of ALL educational services and therapies
  - 56% = continued at least one service through tele-education



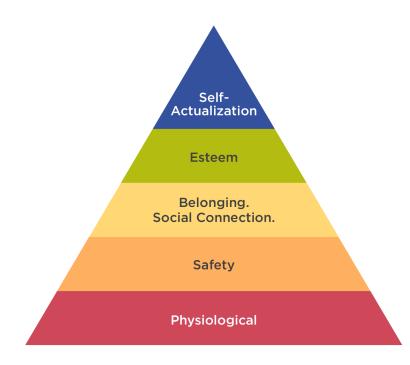
#### Remote Learning for Students

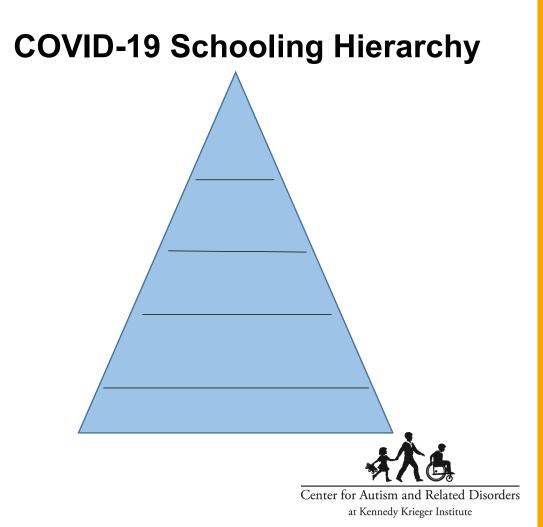
- Engagement is crucial for educational success.
  - (e.g., Finn & Rock, 1997; Janosz et al., 2008; Wang & Holcombe, 2010)
- Online learning requires self-regulation skills for success.
  - (e.g., Bol & Garner, 2011; Broadbent, 2017; Rasheed et al, 2020)
- Online learning can be challenging for students with disabilities related to demands for self-regulation skills.
  - (e.g., Basham et al., 2015)



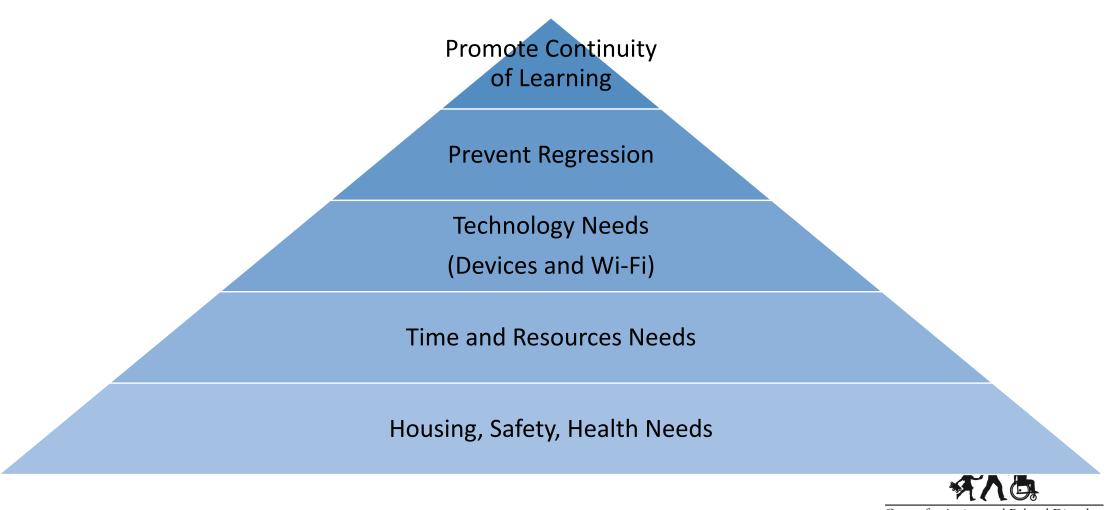
## Hierarchy of Needs

#### **Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs**





## COVID-19 Remote Learning Hierarchy of Needs



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## What are Challenging Behaviors?

- Persistent
- Interferes with functioning
  - Learning in classroom (and home)
  - Interacting with others
  - Quality of life
- May look like:
  - Noncompliance or Oppositional Behavior
  - Disruptions
  - Inappropriate Language
  - Tantrums, Aggression
  - Disengagement



## **Evidence-Based Practices and ASD**

- Behavioral Interventions
- Self-Management
- Social Skills Package
- Social Narratives
- Parent-Implemented Interventions
- Visual Supports
- Peer-Mediated Interventions



(e.g., National Autism Center, 2009, 2015; Odom et al., 2010)

## **Behavior is Communication**

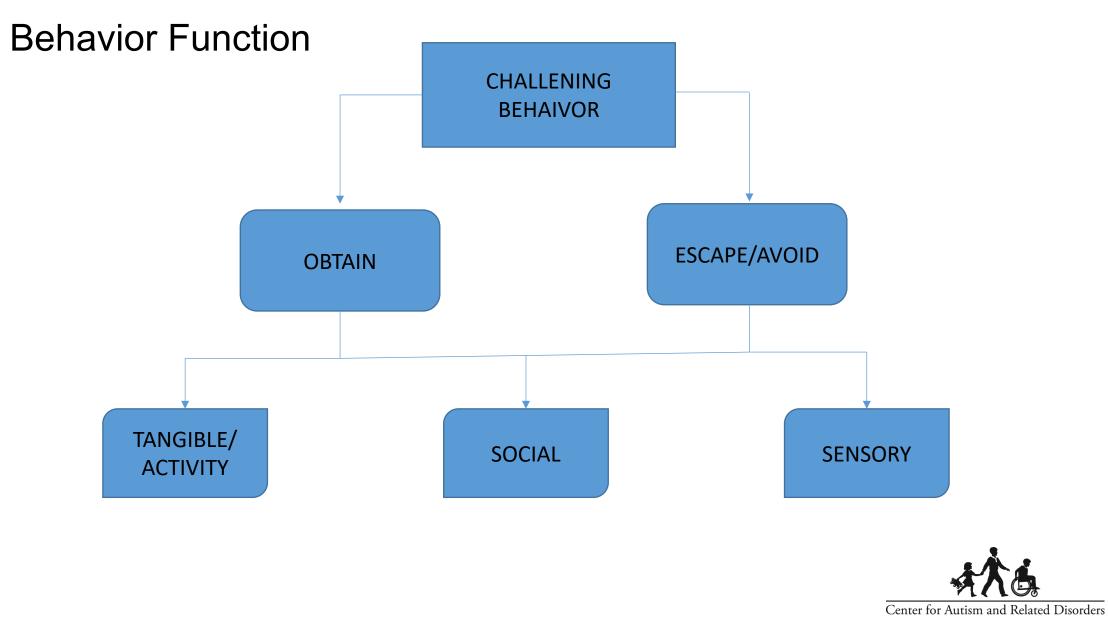
- What is the message?
- I don't want to do this!
- I'm bored.
- This is too hard.
- This is too easy.
- I'm tired and frustrated.
- I don't feel well.
- I'm sad.



## **ABCs of Challenging Behaviors**

- Antecedent
  - What happened immediately before the behavior? (The trigger)
    - Prompt to log on
    - End of first activity during a session
- Behavior
  - What happened?
    - Walked away, yelling, oppositional
- Consequence
  - What happened immediately following the behavior
    - Teacher/parent re-directed behavior
    - Went to a preferred activity





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## Addressing Challenging Behaviors

- Antecedent and Prevention Strategies
  - Intervene before the problem behavior occurs
- Skills Training
  - Provide a new skill to take the place of the problem behavior
- Reinforce Desirable Behaviors



#### **Prevention Strategies**

- Establish Routines
- Environmental Arrangements
- Define and Teach Expectations
- Reinforce Appropriate Behaviors
  - Give specific positive feedback
- <u>Routines</u> and <u>behavioral strategies</u> = most frequently implemented by parents of children with ASD to assist with coping during COVID-19. (Neece et al., 2020)



Image: (FlyAVP, 2020)

## Establish and Maintain Routines (Schedules)

- Provide structure and order
- Create a predictable environment
  - Improve behavior and increase independence



# **Remote Learning Schedules**

GRADE 1 - 4 VIRTUAL LEARNING SCHOOL DAY SCHEDULE

Start Time	End Time	Activity		
8:30 AM	8:55 AM	Student/Parent logs in attendance via district Google Form		
9:00 AM	9:25 AM	Google Hangout / view link to Pre-recorded Morning Message		
9:25 AM	9:50 AM	Student work time (ELA)		
9:50 AM	10:15 AM			
10:15 AM	10:40 AM	Student work time (Math)		
10:40 AM	11:05 AM			
11:05 AM	11:30 AM	Break		
11:30 AM	11:55 AM			
11:55 AM	12:20 PM	Student/Teacher Meetings (Google Hangouts) Resource, ESL Pull Out, ESL Push In, Title 1		
12:20 PM	12:45 PM			
12:45 PM	1:10 PM	Special / Daily Physical Activity		

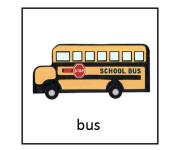




## Hybrid Learning Schedules

	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
All Students	In-Person Learning			Remote/Virt	ual Learning









## **Activity Schedules**

- Depicts a sequence of events
- Prepares for next step within an activity
- Can improve engagement and transition behaviors
- Consider order of activities/tasks (preferred/non-preferred)



## **Environmental Arrangements: Location**

- Have a defined workspace, if possible
  - Consistent work area
  - Serves as a cue about tasks and expectations
- Minimize distractions
  - Consider location, when possible
- Work materials in convenient location
  - Visual supports
  - Headphones
  - Instructional items



## **Define and Teach Expectations**

- Define, Teach, and Practice!
- Clear and concise rules and directions
- Consistent with school language and expectations, when possible
  - Helpful for hybrid learning
  - Collaborate with teachers, therapists, families
- Applicable to virtual sessions
  - What behaviors need to be taught?



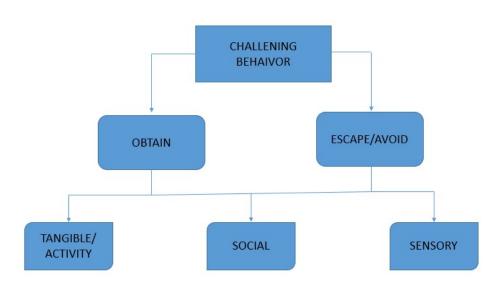
## Addressing Challenging Behaviors

- Antecedent or Prevention Strategies
  - Intervene **before** the challenging behavior occurs
- Skills Training
  - Provide a new skill to take the place of the challenging behavior
- Reinforce Desirable Behaviors



## **Teach New Skills and Behaviors**

- Think about the reason (function) of the challenging behavior
  - Escape/Avoid
    - Requesting Break, Asking for Help
  - Tangible (Items/Activities)
    - Waiting, Alternate Choices
  - Attention
    - Appropriate requests (social skills)
- Emotional-regulation skills
  - Social narratives, visual supports to teach children how to regulate more intense feelings (e.g., deep breathing, counting, etc.)





#### **Social Narratives**

Individualized, provide clear statements about a range of social situations

- 1. Identify social situation or behavior
- 2. Clearly define target skill
- 3. Reference what others may feel or think in situation
- 4. Explain why target skill is appropriate



Images: (Autism Little Learners, 2020)

## Addressing Challenging Behaviors

- Antecedent or Prevention Strategies
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#### <u>Reinforce Desirable Behaviors</u>



#### **Provide Reinforcement**

- Increases likelihood that desired behaviors will continue
- Types:
  - Edibles
  - Tangibles
  - Activities
  - People



## Visual Supports for Reinforcement

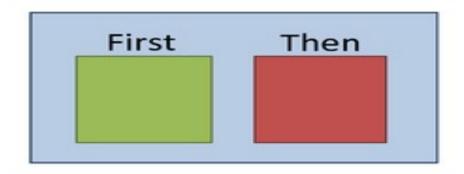






#### Additional Visual Supports: First – Then Boards

- Multiple Benefits
- Can serve as a schedule
- Helps children learn expectations and routines
- Can assist in understanding reward systems







#### Home & School Relationships

- Communication
  - Providing/Exchanging information

- Collaboration
  - Developing partnerships
  - Problem-solving
  - Goal-setting
  - Planning



#### **Reminders about Behavioral Challenges**

- Emphasize Prevention
- Consider Behavioral Function
- Consistency is Key
- Collaboration among Home/School is essential.





#### **Resources and Toolkits**

- Autism Speaks:
  - <u>https://www.autismspeaks.org/covid-19-information-and-resources-families</u>
- Autism Society:
  - https://www.autism-society.org/covid-19/
- National Autism Association:
  - <u>https://nationalautismassociation.org/covid-19-resources-for-families/</u>
- Organization for Autism Research:
  - <u>https://researchautism.org/covid-19/</u>



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