

Parent Roadmap: Kids with Cancer Still Need School

Third Step on the Journey into Survivorship: Return to School Part-Time During Treatment

Even though your child is still in treatment, more days may feel back to normal. You know the basic schedule of treatment visits, & you have a pretty good idea of how your child is tolerating treatment. This is probably a good time for your child to return to school part-time. Although this may sound a little scary, it is an important milestone and a reason to celebrate.

Health Care Related

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	Will it be OK for my child to return to school part-time? Can we continue Home & Hospital at the same time?
	Start talking about the possible impact your child's cancer therapy may have on his/her neurocognitive function. Consider getting a neuropsychological assessment if this hasn't already occurred.
	What precautions should I take to avoid infection when my child is at school? (examples: Will my child need to wear a mask? What should be done if a classmate has an infectious disease at school?)
	If your child has a central line, what precautions should be taken at school?
	Are there any activities associated with school that you think my child should avoid? (examples: participation in physical education, contact sports, field trips)
	Make a calendar that maps out when you think your child will have <u>good</u> counts (absolute neutrophil count and platelets; ask your oncology team for help). These would be good days to attend school. For example, most treatments have a low point about 7-14 days after chemotherapy.
	Add known appointments and priorities for school attendance to the calendar and use this to set up a schedule. If your child would really like to attend school half-days on Mondays, Wednesdays, & Fridays, work with his treatment team to see if his outpatient visits can work around these times.
	Identify someone on your health care team that can communicate with school staff and answer questions.

School/Community Related

Checklist of Things to Ask or Do

- Set up a communication link for emergencies and include a back-up. Let your child's school team know the best way to contact you.
- Discuss your child's health status with the teacher and school nurse; include the precautions your health care team advised. Suggested areas include:
 - a. What to do if your child develops a fever, what temperature means a fever. What if there is bleeding?
 - b. What is your child's typical energy level, and will he/she need to have rest breaks during the day?
 - c. What has your child's appetite been like? Share any food or fluid restrictions (or efforts to increase fluid intake).
 - d. Share any specific concerns about toileting routines, including how often your child may need to use the restroom. Ask about allowing your child a special hall pass, if needed.
 - e. Share any physical disabilities that may require assistance for your child at school (for example, does your child have any difficulty walking or require a wheelchair?)

School/Community Related: a few more Things to Ask or Do

Checklist of Things to Ask, Do, or Consider (continued): Share the calendar from column 1 and update as needed. Discuss how your child wants to handle coming back to school and seeing friends. Suggested topics include: a. Does your child want the teacher/parent to talk to the class before he/she returns? What information would your child like to have shared with classmates? How can you support connections with friends?

- b. If your child has had hair loss, discuss wearing a hat and whether other children can wear them in support.
- Discuss any concerns you or your child may have about bullying. Ask the school team to develop a plan to monitor your child more closely
- Establish joint goals for the time your child is at school and update them frequently. (For example, at first your child may just want to come to school and re-establish social connections; as time goes by, academic goals will become more important.)
- Be flexible, be prepared for some hiccups (For example, if your child has a fever s/he should stay home).
- Request a 504 plan to meet any needs your child has at school, including physical and academic supports. (See definitions below)
- If you haven't already, ask if you can sign a release of information to permit communication between the school and hospital teams.

Third Step: Knowledge you need and resources that can help provide it

You learned a lot of new words about cancer. Here are new words about school procedures you may need:

What is a 504 Plan?

- A 504 Plan is a way to ensure that your child has equal access to school activities, including learning and physical activities (sitting, mobility, alertness). This access is protected by a civil rights law that is part of the Rehabilitation Act. There is no cost to the family for 504 supports or accommodations.
- Your child's 504 Plan is designed to remove any barriers and allow for supports that will allow him/her to learn in school alongside their peers.
- An accommodation is a change in how your child is taught it does not change what they are taught.
 Some relevant 504 accommodations include:
 - Extended (extra) time for test taking, especially if writing or responding quickly is difficult
 - Reduced length of assignments or a reduced number of problems to be completed, so your child can complete his/her work in the same amount of time as other students
 - Additional copies of textbooks to keep at home
 - Rest breaks during the day
 - A hall pass or elevator access if s/he tires easily or balance/walking is affected
 - Use of speech-to-text software to reduce handwriting demands
 - Access to teacher notes or another student's notes, if note-taking is slowed or difficult

Helpful resources:

https://www.understood.org/en/school-learning/special-services/504-plan/understanding-504-plans http://w3.cerebra.org.uk/help-and-information/guides-for-parents/returning-to-school-a-teachers-guide-for-pupils-with-brain-tumours-during-and-after-treatment/ http://media.chop.edu/data/files/pdfs/oncology-oncology-teacher-guide-school-reentry.pdf

Next step on the Journey into Survivorship: Returning to School after Treatment